

Storage of large research data volumes in AFS (on a very low budget)

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Introduction

- The northstar.dartmouth.edu cell
- Expansion plans
- Problems: financial, historical, cultural
- Some case studies
- Miscellaneous tools

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- Research Computing support group
- A small cell (by some standards)
- Cell name is a legacy of Project Northstar
- Client mix has changed greatly over time

Cell Statistics

- 3 file servers, 3 DB servers
- 10 TB, 3TB in use (+ 20TB in the mail)
- 2434 volumes
- 701 user homes
- 50 'data' volumes (50-800 GB)
- < 100 clients
- 2 physically separated data centers

Hardware

- IBM x3650, EXP3000 disk vaults, LSI/ServeRAID controllers.
- 750 GB SATA disks
- 1Gbps between servers and central systems
- 100Mbps to all departments and desktops
- RHEL 5 everywhere; ext3 filesystems
- vicepX are 3.4TB (1/2 vault)

Backups

- `vos dump | gzip > local disk` on each server
- NetBackup picks up compressed images
- 2TB staging space; 2:1 compression
- Large data volumes get replicated instead
- Monthly full / daily incremental
- Work in progress to spread fulls

Growing pains

- Plans for significant expansion, but no committed funding or increased manpower
- Biologists have several TB, will get 100-200 TB in the next couple of years
- Chargeback model needed
- Legacy issues with AFS cell

Flirtation with CIFS

- Engineering School likes CIFS
- Test SAMBA server
- Research SAMBA/AFS integration
- Authentication requirements
- Cost :-(
- but some of the buzzwords seem to fit again
- Plan B - back to AFS

The Opposition

- USB drives \$100/TB
- Buffalo Terastation \$150/TB
- Fun with rsync
- Resistance to lots of servers
- NetBackup limits: use AFS replication as backup
 - Explored shadow volumes

Case Study

- Biology: gene sequencers
- 1 TB per “run”
- Typical files 2 MB TIFF
- May be able to compress 4:1 or more
- Store 3 years minimum

Case Study

- Medical School long term study
 - 8 years of aspirin data in SAS datasets
 - Several rounds of hardware and software upgrades
 - Many researchers came and went. ACLs are a mess
 - Data are now frozen

Case Study

- Proteomics research
 - Data acquired on unattended PC off campus
 - Written to AFS with IP ACL
 - Visible to Beowulf Cluster head end
 - High volume; no backups

Case Study

- Auroral Radio Noise research in the Arctic
 - Multiple field sites, but Greenland are the only ones on the internet 24x7
 - High latency; behind NAT; AFS not happy
 - scp daily summaries directly to Dartmouth, into AFS space, visible to web server
 - Researcher happy



House Call...

Case Study

- Biology: scanner images
- 650GB stored on Terastation
- Pulled with rsync for several months
- Now use AFS as primary storage
- Replicated volume

Miscellaneous user tools

■ afsquota

Volume Name	Quota	Used	% Used	Part.	Available
user.richard	11 GB	10 GB	92%	278%	869 MB

■ freespace

mizar	/vicepa:	1568 GB	free	out of	3416 (54.1% used)
centaurus	/vicepa:	2581 GB	free	out of	3416 (24.5% used)
oort	/vicepa:	2806 GB	free	out of	3416 (17.9% used)

■ listvols

users.b.readonly		536979170	RO		2 kB	On-line
rc.mizar.a		536975438	RW		3 kB	On-line
...						
datad.jhamilton		536956022	RW		115 GB	On-line
rep.wibble		536975374	RW		128 GB	On-line
rep.mcpeek		536967732	RW		603 GB	On-line

Total volumes for server mizar:[a] onLine 272; offLine 0; busy 0

Miscellaneous tools cont.

- **setacl**

```
setacl -Rv system:authuser,read publicstuff
```

- **moveafsvol**

```
moveafsvol dest-server dest-partition [volume-name ...]
```

- **klog_wrapper**

```
polaris [12:58pm] ~ $klog rbadmin
```

```
Running interactive shell with command logging
```

```
Enter AFS (rbadmin) Password:
```

```
bash-3.2$
```

```
bash-3.2$ exit
```

- **autoconfigure: upserver, upclient, and make**
(really need to learn how to use puppet)